

1. A processing system comprising:
- a plurality of first interrupts generated by a core,
said plurality of first interrupts having
programmable priorities;
 - a plurality of second interrupts that are generated
external to said core; and
 - a priority encoder, coupled to both said first
interrupts and to said second interrupts, said
priority encoder prioritizing said first and
second pluralities of interrupts utilizing said
programmable priorities.
2. The processing system as recited in claim 1 wherein
said plurality of first interrupts comprise:
- hardware interrupts; and
 - software interrupts.
3. The processing system as recited in claim 2 wherein
said hardware interrupts comprise:
- a performance counter interrupt; and
 - a timer interrupt.

4. The processing system as recited in claim 1 wherein said core executes instructions.

5. The processing system as recited in claim 1 further comprising:

an interrupt controller, coupled to said plurality of second interrupts, for providing said plurality of second interrupts to said priority encoder with predefined interrupt priorities.

6. The processing system as recited in claim 1 wherein said priority encoder produces an indication of which of said first and second pluralities of interrupts has the highest priority.

7. The processing system as recited in claim 6 further comprising:

a vector generator, coupled to said priority encoder, for receiving said indication, and for producing an interrupt vector corresponding to said interrupt having the highest priority.

8. The processing system as recited in claim 1 further comprising:

a plurality of interrupt priority registers, corresponding to said plurality of first interrupts, said registers for storing said programmable priorities.

9. The processing system as recited in claim 8 wherein said plurality of interrupt priority registers are writable by the processing system.

10. A microprocessor for handling interrupts, the microprocessor receiving first interrupts from an interrupt controller, the microprocessor comprising:

a core, for executing instructions, said core generating second interrupts;

priority storage means coupled to said core, for storing programmable priorities for said second interrupts; and

a priority encoder, coupled to said core, and to said priority storage means, for receiving the first and said second interrupts, and for prioritizing the first and said second interrupts utilizing said programmable priorities stored in said priority storage means.

11. The microprocessor as recited in claim 10 wherein said interrupt controller receives a plurality of third interrupts from sources thereof, prioritizes said third interrupts, and provides the prioritized third interrupts to the microprocessor as the first interrupts.
12. The microprocessor as recited in claim 11 wherein the first interrupts are presented to the microprocessor on first interrupt signal lines attached to the microprocessor.
13. The microprocessor as recited in claim 10 wherein said instructions executed by said core comprise:

first instructions for handling the first interrupts;

second instructions for handling said second interrupts; and

third instructions for storing said programmable priorities into said priority storage means.

14. The microprocessor as recited in claim 10 wherein said second interrupts generated by said core comprise:

hardware interrupts; and

software interrupts.

15. The microprocessor as recited in claim 14 wherein said hardware interrupts comprise:

a performance counter interrupt; and

a timer interrupt.

16. The microprocessor as recited in claim 10 wherein said priority storage means comprises:

a plurality of interrupt priority fields, each of said fields corresponding to one of said second interrupts.

17. The microprocessor as recited in claim 16 wherein each of said plurality of interrupt priority fields comprise:

a 4-bit field for storing one of sixteen distinct interrupt priorities.

18. The microprocessor as recited in claim 10 wherein said priority storage means is located within a privileged resource within the microprocessor.
19. The microprocessor as recited in claim 18 wherein said privileged resource is programmable only when the microprocessor is executing privilege level, kernel mode, instructions.
20. The microprocessor as recited in claim 10 wherein the first interrupts have eight distinct priority levels.
21. The microprocessor as recited in claim 20 wherein said second interrupts have at least nine distinct priority levels that overlap the priority levels for the first interrupts.
22. The microprocessor as recited in claim 10 wherein said priority encoder, when prioritizing the first and said second interrupts, also uses priorities for the first interrupts established by the interrupt controller.

23. The microprocessor as recited in claim 10 wherein said priority encoder produces an indication of which of the first and said second interrupts has the highest priority.
24. The microprocessor as recited in claim 23 further comprising:
- a vector generator, coupled to said priority encoder, for receiving said indication, and for producing an interrupt vector corresponding to a highest priority interrupt.
25. The microprocessor as recited in claim 24 further comprising:
- programmable offset storage means, coupled to said vector generator, for providing a programmed offset to said vector generator to allow said vector generator to produce said interrupt vector.
26. The microprocessor as recited in claim 25 wherein said programmable offset storage means is programmed with said programmed offset by kernel mode instructions executing on the microprocessor.

27. A method for prioritizing on-core and off-core interrupts within a processing system, comprising:
- receiving the off-core interrupts;
- receiving the on-core interrupts, the on-core interrupts having programmable priority levels;
- sorting the received off-core and on-core interrupts according to their priority levels; and
- producing an indication of which of the received off-core and on-core interrupts has the highest priority.
28. The method as recited in claim 27 wherein the on-core interrupts comprise:
- a performance counter interrupt; and
- a timer interrupt.
29. The method as recited in claim 27 wherein the off-core interrupts are initially prioritized by an interrupt controller.

30. The method as recited in claim 27 wherein said sorting comprises:

examining the priority levels of each of the received
off-core interrupts;

examining the programmable priority levels of each of
the received on-core interrupts; and

selecting one of the received on-core or off-core
interrupts with the highest priority level.

31. The method as recited in claim 30 wherein said
producing comprises:

receiving the one of the interrupts with the highest
priority level;

examining a programmable offset; and

calculating an interrupt vector for the one of the
interrupts with the highest priority level
utilizing said programmable offset.

32. The method as recited in claim 31 further comprising:

causing the processing system to jump to the interrupt
vector.

33. A computer program product for use with a computing device, the computer program product comprising:

a computer usable medium, having computer readable program code embodied in said medium, for causing a microprocessor to be described, said computer readable program code comprising:

first program code for providing an interrupt priority encoder for prioritizing between core generated interrupts and non-core generated interrupts; and

second program code for providing an interrupt vector generator, for receiving an indication from the priority encoder of a highest priority interrupt, and for generated an interrupt vector for the highest priority interrupt.

34. The computer program product as recited in claim 33 further comprising:

third program code for providing a plurality of programmable interrupt priority fields that store interrupt priorities associated with the core generated interrupts.

35. The computer program product as recited in claim 34 wherein the interrupt priority encoder utilizes the stored interrupt priorities when prioritizing between the core generated interrupts and the non-core generated interrupts.

36. The computer program product as recited in claim 33 further comprising:

fourth program code for providing a programmable offset register, the register for storing a memory offset to be used by the interrupt vector generator to calculate the interrupt vector for the highest priority interrupt.

37. A computer data signal embodied in a transmission medium comprising:

computer-readable program code for providing a microprocessor for handling both internally generated and externally generated interrupts, said program code comprising:

first program code for providing a programmable offset storage register for storing a programmable offset;

second program code for providing a plurality of interrupt priority level fields that store programmed priority levels for the internally generated interrupts;

third program code for providing a priority encoder, the encoder prioritizing between the internally generated and externally generated interrupts utilizing the programmed priority levels to select an interrupt with the highest priority, the encoder providing an indication of the interrupt with the highest priority; and

fourth program code for providing a vector generator for generating an interrupt vector for the interrupt with the highest priority, the vector generator utilizing the programmable offset to calculate the interrupt vector.

38. The computer data signal as recited in claim 37 wherein the programmable offset storage register is programmed with the programmable offset by kernel mode instructions.
39. The computer data signal as recited in claim 37 the externally generated interrupts have up to eight distinct priority levels and the internally generated interrupts have up to nine overlapping priority levels.